

FIRE-REFINED TOUGH-PITCH COPPER

Cu-FRTP

Commercially-pure copper which is fire-refined without, at any stage, having been electrolytically refined. It is melted and oxidised to the 'tough-pitch' condition with a controlled oxygen content, then cast into cakes, slabs or billets to be hot and cold worked into wrought forms. The conductivity of this type of copper may be appreciably below that of the high-conductivity coppers (Cu-ETP, Cu-FRHC and Cu-OF), while the amounts of oxygen and impurities often reach the higher contents allowed by the relevant specifications.

COMPOSITION (weight %)

Cu (+ Ag) 99.85 min.

Architectural and Building:

Cladding and fascia work, rainwater pipes, roofing, gutters, flashings, decorative screens and trim, sections drawn on wood.

Chemical:

Plant equipment such as kettles, stills, vats and pans, food processing equipment, cooking utensils.

Mechanical:

Miscellaneous strip products including pressed, spun and cupped articles; printing cylinders; automobile gaskets.

Electrical:

Apparatus for general purposes when highest electrical conductivity is not required.

1 SOME TYPICAL USES

2 PHYSICAL PROPERTIES

| | Metric Units | English Units |
|--|--|--|
| 2.1 Density at 20 °C 68 °F | 8.9 g/cm ³ | 0.321 lb/in ³ |
| 2.2 Melting point | 1 083 °C | 1 981 °F |
| 2.3 Coefficient of thermal expansion (linear) at: 25 to 100 °C 77 to 212 °F (1) | 0.000 016 8 per °C | 0.000 009 33 per °F |
| 2.4 Specific heat (thermal capacity) at: 20 °C 68 °F (1) | 0.092 1 cal/g °C | 0.092 1 Btu/lb °F |
| 2.5 Thermal conductivity at: 20 °C 68 °F | 0.80 - 0.90 cal cm/cm ² s °C | 194 - 218 Btu ft/ft ² h °F |
| 2.6 Electrical conductivity (volume) at: 20 °C 68 °F (annealed or cold worked) | 49 - 55 m/ohm mm ² | 85 - 95 % IACS |
| 2.7 Electrical resistivity (volume) at: 20 °C 68 °F (annealed or cold worked) | 0.020 - 0.018 ohm mm ² /m 2.0 - 1.8 microhm cm | 12 - 11 ohm (circ mil/ft) 0.80 - 0.71 microhm in |
| 2.8 Temperature coefficient of electrical resistance at: (a) 20 °C 68 °F (annealed or cold worked) applicable over range from 0 to 100 °C 32 to 212 °F | 0.003 34 per °C (85 % IACS) 0.003 73 " " (95 % IACS) | 0.001 86 per °F (85 % IACS) 0.002 07 " " (95 % IACS) |
| 2.9 Modulus of elasticity (tension) at 20 °C 68 °F: annealed cold worked | 12 000 kg/mm ² 12 000 - 13 500 " | 17 000 000 lb/in ² 17 000 000 - 19 000 000 " |
| 2.10 Modulus of rigidity (torsion) at 20 °C 68 °F: annealed cold worked | 4 500 kg/mm ² 4 500 - 5 000 " | 6 400 000 lb/in ² 6 400 000 - 7 000 000 " |

(a) — The temperature coefficients of resistance given can be used for calculating resistances within the temperature range shown, but these relate only to calculations based on a reference temperature of 20 °C (68 °F).

— The temperature coefficient of resistance of copper can be assumed to be directly proportional to the conductivity value and the figures given above have been calculated on the basis that copper of 100 % IACS conductivity at 20 °C (68 °F) has a temperature coefficient of resistance of 0.003 93 per °C (0.002 18 per °F). Temperature coefficients of resistance for copper with a conductivity value within the range shown above may be calculated in the same manner.

INDEX NUMBERS RELATE TO LITERATURE REFERENCES (see page 10); INDEX LETTERS RELATE TO FOOTNOTES AT END OF TABLE

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DATA SHEET No. A 3
Cu-FRTP
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3 FABRICATION PROPERTIES

The information given in this table is for general guidance only, since many factors influence fabrication techniques. The values shown are approximate only, since those used in practice are dependent upon form and size of metal, equipment available, techniques adopted and properties required in the material.

| | Metric Units | English Units |
|---|------------------|--------------------------------|
| 3.1 Casting temperature range ^(a) | 1 120 - 1 200 °C | 2 050 - 2 190 °F |
| 3.2 Annealing temperature range ^(b) | 225 - 650 °C | 435 - 1 200 °F |
| Stress relieving temperature range ^(b) | 175 - 225 °C | 345 - 435 °F |
| 3.3 Hot working temperature range ^(b) | 750 - 950 °C | 1 400 - 1 750 °F |
| 3.4 Hot formability ^(b) | | Good |
| 3.5 Cold formability | | Excellent |
| 3.6 Cold reduction between anneals | | 85 % max. |
| 3.7 Machinability | | See General Data Sheet No. 2 |
| Machinability rating (free-cutting brass = 100) | | 20 |
| 3.8 Joining methods: ^(b) | | See General Data Sheet No. 3 1 |
| Soldering | | Excellent |
| Brazing | | Good |
| Oxy-acetylene welding | | Not recommended |
| Carbon-arc welding | | Fair |
| Gas-shielded arc welding | | Fair |
| Coated metal-arc welding | | Not recommended |
| Resistance welding: spot and seam | | Not recommended |
| butt | | Good |

^(a) Optimum casting temperature range: 1 120 - 1 150 °C (2 050 - 2 100 °F).

^(b) Embrittlement will occur if this copper is heated in atmospheres containing an excess of hydrogen.

4 NATIONAL SPECIFICATIONS FOR MANUFACTURED FORMS

| Country | Designation of Standards | Designation of Material in Standards | Specification for Chemical Composition ^(a) | Plate Sheet Strip | Rod | Wire | Tube | Forgings | Sections / Shapes |
|--------------------------|--------------------------|--------------------------------------|---|-------------------------------------|----------------------|----------------------------------|----------|----------|-------------------|
| Australia | SAA | — | — | AS-H17 | — | — | — | — | — |
| Belgium | NBN | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — |
| Canada | CSA | Cu-FRTP 125 | — | — | — | — | — | — | — |
| Chile | INDITECNOR | Cu-FRTP | 244 p | 196 ch | — | — | 395 ch | — | — |
| France | NF | Cu/a3 | A53-100 | A53-601 | A53-301 | — | — | A53-301 | A53-301 |
| Germany | DIN | F-Cu(2.0080) | 1787 | 17670 | 17672 | 17672 | 17671 | 17673 | 17674 |
| Italy | UNI | Cu-FRTP | 5649 | 3310 (b) | 3310 (b) | 3310 (b) | 3310 (b) | — | 3310 (b) |
| Netherlands | N or NEN (c) | Cu-FRTP | NEN 6023 | — | — | — | NEN 2263 | — | — |
| South Africa | SABS | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — |
| Spain | UNE | Cu 99.75 Cu 99.85 | 37.103 | 37.105 | — | — | 37.119 | 37.109 | — |
| Sweden | SIS | Cu-FRTP | — | 14 50 13 | — | — | — | — | — |
| Switzerland | VSM | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — |
| United Kingdom | BS | C104 | 1038 | 899 1569 2027 2875 2870 | — | — | — | — | — |
| United States | ASTM | FRTP | — | B48 B124 B133 B152 B272 | B12 B49 B124 B133 | B1 B2 B3 B33 B47 B116 B189 | — | B283 | B124 B133 |

(a) Applicable when the chemical composition is not given in the specifications for wrought forms.

(b) Under revision.

(c) Older specifications bear prefix N; for new specifications the NEN prefix is used.

5 MECHANICAL PROPERTIES

5.1 Mechanical properties at room temperature

| | |
|---------------------------------|----------------------|
| Tensile properties | see tables 5.1.1/2/3 |
| Hardness | » » 5.1.1/2/3 |
| Shear strength | » » 5.1.1/2/3 |
| Modulus of elasticity (tension) | see 2.9 |
| Modulus of rigidity (torsion) | » 2.10 |

5.2 Mechanical properties at low temperature

| | |
|--------------------|-----------------|
| Tensile properties | see table 5.2.1 |
| Impact properties | » » 5.2.1 |

5.3 Mechanical properties at elevated temperature

| | |
|-------------------------------|-----------------|
| Short-time tensile properties | see table 5.3.1 |
| Creep properties | » » 5.3.2 |

5.4 Fatigue properties

| | |
|--------------------------------------|-----------------|
| Fatigue strength at room temperature | see table 5.4.1 |
|--------------------------------------|-----------------|

5.1 MECHANICAL PROPERTIES AT ROOM TEMPERATURE ^(a)
5.1.1 Typical Tensile Properties and Hardness Values - Metric Units

The values shown represent reasonable approximations for general engineering use, taking account of variations in composition and manufacturing procedures. For design purposes, national specifications should be consulted.

For a given temper, individual elongation values may show some variation below or above the typical values indicated.

| Form | Temper | Tensile Strength kg/mm ² | Proof Stress 0.2 % offset kg/mm ² | Elongation | | Hardness | | Shear Strength kg/mm ² | Typical Size Related to Properties Shown ^(b) |
|-------------------------|--|--|--|-------------------|-------------------|----------|---------|--------------------------------------|--|
| | | | | % | gauge length | Brinell | Vickers | | |
| Plate Sheet Strip | Annealed | 22 | 5 | 48 | $5.65 \sqrt{S_o}$ | 45 | 50 | 16 | — |
| | Hot Rolled | 23 | 8 | 40 | $5.65 \sqrt{S_o}$ | 55 | 60 | 16 | — |
| | Typical Cold Worked Tempers | 27 | 18 | 25 | $5.65 \sqrt{S_o}$ | 75 | 80 | 18 | 0.2 - 10 mm thick |
| | | 32 | 27 | 12 | $5.65 \sqrt{S_o}$ | 90 | 100 | 19 | 0.2 - 6 mm thick |
| | 38 | 34 | 6 | $5.65 \sqrt{S_o}$ | 105 | 115 | 20 | 0.2 - 1.5 mm thick | |
| Rod | Annealed | 22 | 5 | 45 | $5.65 \sqrt{S_o}$ | 45 | 50 | 16 | — |
| | Typical Cold Worked Tempers | 28 | 19 | 20 | $5.65 \sqrt{S_o}$ | 75 | 80 | 18 | 6 - 40 mm diam. or up to 1 250 mm ² area |
| | | 34 | 28 | 10 | $5.65 \sqrt{S_o}$ | 95 | 105 | 19 | 6 - 20 mm diam. or up to 300 mm ² area |
| Forgings | Hot Worked | 23 | 6 | 35 | $5.65 \sqrt{S_o}$ | 50 | 55 | 16 | — |
| Sections Shapes | Hot Worked | 24 | 8 | 35 | $5.65 \sqrt{S_o}$ | 50 | 55 | 16 | — |
| | Typical Cold Worked Tempers ^(c) | 27 | 18 | 20 | $5.65 \sqrt{S_o}$ | 75 | 80 | 18 | — |
| | | 32 | 27 | 10 | $5.65 \sqrt{S_o}$ | 90 | 100 | 19 | — |

(a) It will be noted that tables 5.1.1, 5.1.2 and 5.1.3, giving typical tensile properties and hardness values in Metric, English and American units, respectively, are not directly comparable. This is because the properties quoted reflect to some extent the metalworking techniques and specification practices of the countries concerned.

(b) It is possible to obtain sizes outside the ranges given in this column, but information on their mechanical properties should be obtained from the metal suppliers.

(c) The mechanical properties will be largely dependent upon the complexity and cross-section of the product.

5.1.2 Typical Tensile Properties and Hardness Values - English Units

The values shown represent reasonable approximations for general engineering use, taking account of variations in composition and manufacturing procedures. For design purposes, national specifications should be consulted.

For a given temper, individual elongation values may show some variation below or above the typical values indicated.

| Form | Temper | Tensile Strength ton/in ² | Proof Stress 0.1 % offset ton/in ² | Elongation | | Vickers Hardness | Shear Strength ton/in ² | Typical Size Related to Properties Shown ^(a) |
|-------------------------|---|---|---|------------|-------------------|---------------------|--|--|
| | | | | % | gauge length | | | |
| Plate Sheet Strip | Annealed | 14 | 3 | 50 | 2 in. | 50 | 10 | — |
| | Hot Rolled | 15 | 6 | 45 | 2 in. | 65 | 10 | over 0.25 in. thick |
| | Typical Cold Worked Tempers | 16 | 9 | 45 | 2 in. | 75 | 11 | 0.006 - 0.5 in. thick |
| | | 17 | 14 | 30 | 2 in. | 85 | 11 | 0.006 - 0.25 in. thick |
| 23 | | 20 | 10 | 2 in. | 110 | 13 | 0.006 - 0.1 in. thick | |
| Rod | Annealed | 14 | 3 | 50 | $5.65 \sqrt{S_0}$ | 50 | 10 | — |
| | Typical Cold Worked Tempers | 17 | 13 | 30 | $5.65 \sqrt{S_0}$ | 85 | 11 | 0.25 - 1 in. diam. or up to 1 in ² area » |
| | | 20 | 16 | 17 | $5.65 \sqrt{S_0}$ | 105 | 12 | |
| Forgings | Hot Worked | 15 | 6 | 35 | $5.65 \sqrt{S_0}$ | 60 | 10 | — |
| Sections (extruded) | Typical Cold Drawn Tempers ^(b) | 16 | 11 | 27 | $5.65 \sqrt{S_0}$ | 80 | 10 | — |
| | | 20 | 16 | 15 | $5.65 \sqrt{S_0}$ | 105 | 12 | — |

^(a) It is possible to obtain sizes outside the ranges given in this column, but information on their mechanical properties should be obtained from the metal suppliers.

^(b) The mechanical properties will be largely dependent upon the complexity and cross-section of the product.

5.1.3 Typical Tensile Properties and Hardness Values - American Units

The values shown represent reasonable approximations for general engineering use, taking account of variations in composition and manufacturing procedures. For design purposes, national specifications should be consulted.

For a given temper, individual elongation values may show some variation below or above the typical values indicated.

| Form | Temper | Tensile Strength psi | Yield Strength 0.5 % ex- tension under load psi | Elongation | | Rockwell Hardness | | | Shear Strength psi | Typical Size Related to Properties Shown ^(a) |
|---|------------------------------------|-------------------------|---|------------|-----------------|----------------------|----|------|--------------------------|--|
| | | | | % | gauge length | F | B | 30 T | | |
| Flat Products (Plate, Sheet, Strip) | As Hot Rolled | 34 000 | 10 000 | 45 | 2 in. | 45 | — | — | 23 000 | 0.040 in. thick |
| | Annealed | 32 000 | 10 000 | 45 | 2 in. | 40 | — | — | 22 000 | 0.040 in. thick |
| | Cold Worked | | | | | | | | | |
| | Light Cold Rolled | 36 000 | 28 000 | 30 | 2 in. | 60 | 10 | 25 | 25 000 | 0.040 in. thick |
| | Half Hard | 42 000 | 36 000 | 14 | 2 in. | 84 | 40 | 50 | 26 000 | » |
| | Hard | 50 000 | 45 000 | 6 | 2 in. | 90 | 50 | 57 | 28 000 | » |
| | Spring | 55 000 | 50 000 | 4 | 2 in. | 94 | 60 | 63 | 29 000 | » |
| | Extra Spring | 57 000 | 53 000 | 4 | 2 in. | 95 | 62 | 64 | 29 000 | » |
| | Light Cold Rolled | 36 000 | 28 000 | 40 | 2 in. | 60 | 10 | — | 25 000 | 0.250 in. thick |
| | Hard | 50 000 | 45 000 | 12 | 2 in. | 90 | 50 | — | 28 000 | » |
| | Hard | 45 000 | 40 000 | 20 | 2 in. | 85 | 45 | — | 26 000 | 1.0 in. thick |
| Rod | As Hot Rolled | 32 000 | 10 000 | 55 | 2 in. | 40 | — | — | 22 000 | 1.0 in. diam. |
| | Soft | 32 000 | 10 000 | 55 | 2 in. | 40 | — | — | 22 000 | 1.0 in. diam. |
| | Cold Worked Hard | 48 000 | 44 000 | 16 | 2 in. | 87 | 47 | — | 27 000 | 1.0 in. diam. |
| Forgings | As Forged | 33 000 | 11 000 | 45 | 2 in. | 37 | — | — | 23 000 | — |
| Shapes | As Hot Rolled | 32 000 | 10 000 | 50 | 2 in. | 40 | — | — | 22 000 | 0.50 in. thick |
| | Annealed-Soft | 32 000 | 10 000 | 50 | 2 in. | 40 | — | — | 22 000 | 0.50 in. thick |
| | Cold Worked Hard ^(b) | 40 000 | 32 000 | 30 | 2 in. | — | 35 | — | 26 000 | 0.50 in. thick |

(a) It is possible to obtain sizes different from those given in this column, but information on their mechanical properties should be obtained from the metal suppliers.

(b) The mechanical properties will be largely dependent upon the complexity and cross-section of the product.

5.2 MECHANICAL PROPERTIES AT LOW TEMPERATURE

5.2.1 Tensile Properties - Impact Properties

| Form | Temper | Testing Temperature | | Tensile Strength | | | Proof Stress | | | Elongation | | Reduction of Area % | Impact Strength | |
|--|--------------------------------------|---------------------|-------|--------------------|---------------------|---------------|---------------------------------|----------------------------------|---|-----------------|--------------|---------------------|----------------------|-----------------|
| | | °C | °F | kg/mm ² | ton/in ² | psi | 0.2 % offset kg/mm ² | 0.1 % offset ton/in ² | Yield Strength 0.5% ext. under load psi | % | gauge length | | kg m/cm ² | ft lb |
| Sheet (2) 3.2 mm 0.125 in. | Annealed (grain size 0.040 mm) | + 24 | + 75 | 22 | 14 | 31 580 | 6.64 (a) | — | 10 170 | 57.5 | 2 in. | 96.2 | — | — |
| | | — 40 | — 40 | 25 | 16 | 35 330 | 7.45 (a) | — | 11 480 | 53.3 | 2 in. | 59.2 | — | — |
| | | — 68 | — 90 | 26 | 16.5 | 37 300 | 7.16 (a) | — | 11 100 | 55.0 | 2 in. | 55.0 | — | — |
| | | — 196 | — 321 | 35.5 | 22.5 | 50 400 | 7.06 (a) | — | 11 150 | 57.5 | 2 in. | 51.5 | — | — |
| | Cold Worked 5 - 7 % | + 24 | + 75 | 24.5 | 15.5 | 34 520 | 22.0 (a) | — | 31 500 | 32.4 | 2 in. | 63.3 | — | — |
| | | — 40 | — 40 | 28 | 17.5 | 39 500 | 23.8 (a) | — | 34 050 | 34.0 | 2 in. | 53.8 | — | — |
| | | — 68 | — 90 | 29.5 | 18.5 | 41 800 | 24.5 (a) | — | 34 950 | 32.8 | 2 in. | 50.5 | — | — |
| | | — 196 | — 321 | 39 | 25 | 55 600 | 26.1 (a) | — | 37 250 | 45.0 | 2 in. | 51.9 | — | — |
| Rod (3) 4.5 mm diam. 0.177 in. diam. | Annealed | + 18 | + 64 | 24.1 | 15.5 | 34 500 | 3.9 (b) | — | — | 50.5 | 45 mm | 71.4 | 10.0 (c) | 36.2 (c) |
| | | — 78 | — 110 | 29.2 | 18.5 | 41 500 | 10.0 (b) | — | — | 50.0 | 45 mm | 73.6 | 9.5 (c) | 34.4 (c) |
| | | — 183 | — 295 | 36.5 | 23 | 52 000 | 8.7 (b) | — | — | 50.5 | 45 mm | 83.3 | 9.1 (c) | 32.9 (c) |
| | Cold Worked 50 % | + 20 | + 68 | 41.2 | 26 | 58 500 | 37.5 (b) | — | — | 8.4 | 45 mm | 51.5 | 6.4 (c) | 23.1 (c) |
| | | — 78 | — 110 | 42.5 | 27 | 60 500 | 40.8 (b) | — | — | 12.0 | 45 mm | 56.6 | 6.6 (c) | 23.9 (c) |
| | | — 183 | — 295 | 45.5 | 29 | 65 000 | 41.9 (b) | — | — | 11.2 | 45 mm | 61.2 | 7.4 (c) | 26.8 (c) |
| Rod (4) 6.35 mm diam. 0.25 in. diam. | Annealed | + 20 | + 68 | 22 | 14.0 | 31 500 | — | 3.82 | — | 48.0 | 2 in. | 76.5 | 7.4 (d) | 43.0 (d) |
| | | — 10 | + 14 | 22.5 | 14.3 | 32 000 | — | 3.97 | — | 40.2 | 2 in. | 78.0 | — | — |
| | | — 40 | — 40 | 24 | 15.1 | 34 000 | — | 4.09 | — | 47.0 | 2 in. | 77.0 | 7.8 (d) | 45.0 (d) |
| | | — 80 | — 112 | 27 | 17.2 | 38 500 | — | 4.50 | — | 47.0 | 2 in. | 74.0 | 7.6 (d) | 44.0 (d) |
| | | — 120 | — 184 | 29 | 18.4 | 41 000 | — | 4.82 | — | 44.6 | 2 in. | 70.0 | 7.7 (d) | 44.5 (d) |
| | | — 180 | — 292 | 35.5 | 22.7 | 51 000 | — | 5.12 | — | 57.6 | 2 in. | 77.0 | 8.6 (d) | 50.0 (d) |
| Square Rod (5) 40 mm 1.6 in. | Hot Worked | + 20 | + 68 | 22.0 | 14 | 31 500 | 5.20 | — | — | 55 (e) | 100 mm | 70 | — | — |
| | | — 20 | — 4 | 23.8 | 15 | 34 000 | 5.20 | — | — | 56.2 (e) | 100 mm | 70 | — | — |
| | | — 60 | — 76 | 25.6 | 16 | 36 500 | 5.60 | — | — | 57.3 (e) | 100 mm | 67 | — | — |
| | | — 77 | — 107 | 26.4 | 17 | 37 500 | 5.20 | — | — | 57.2 (e) | 100 mm | 68 | — | — |

(a) This value was originally reported in psi; in this table it is given in kg/mm² to 3 significant figures.

(b) Quoted as yield point, but offset strain not defined.

(c) Charpy test, 10 x 8 x 100 mm specimen; 45° V-notch, 3 mm deep; cross-sectional area 0.5 cm².

(d) Izod specimen; cross-sectional area 0.8 cm².

(e) 20 mm diam. specimen.

N.B.: — Values obtained using Cu-ETP (electrolytic 'tough-pitch' copper) test specimens; it is assumed that Cu-FRTP exhibits the same mechanical properties at low temperatures.

— Original values are printed in **bold type**; other values are converted.

— All converted values for impact strength are to be taken as indicative only; the impact energy has been converted from ft lb into kg m/cm² (and vice versa) taking into account the actual cross-sectional area of the specimen at the notch.

5.3. MECHANICAL PROPERTIES AT ELEVATED TEMPERATURE

5.3.1 Short-Time Tensile Properties

| Form | Temper | Testing Temperature | | Tensile Strength | | | Proof Stress | | Elongation % on 2 in |
|---|--------------------------------------|---|--|---|--|--|---|---|--|
| | | °C | °F | kg/mm ² | ton/in ² | psi | 0.2 % offset kg/mm ² | Yield Strength 0.5 % ext. under load psi | |
| Sheet ⁽²⁾ 3.2 - 6.35 mm 0.125 - 0.25 in. | Annealed (grain size 0.043 mm) | 24 100 204 | 75 212 400 | 22 19 16 | 14 12 10 | 31 000 27 080 22 750 | 6.33 ^(a) 6.48 ^(a) 5.82 ^(a) | 9 930 9 840 8 690 | 57.8 57.4 56.8 |
| | Cold Worked 5 - 7 % | 24 100 204 | 75 212 400 | 23 20.5 17.5 | 14.5 13 11 | 32 630 29 400 24 700 | 17.5 ^(a) 16.6 ^(a) 14.5 ^(a) | 25 380 24 100 21 000 | 41.3 37.9 34.1 |
| Rod ⁽²⁾ 3.2 mm diam. 0.125 in. diam. | Annealed (grain size 0.025 mm) | 24 149 204 260 | 75 300 400 500 | 24.5 — — — | 15.5 — — — | 35 100 — — — | 4.29 ^(a) — — — | 7 200 6 400 5 800 5 300 | 50.0 — — — |
| | Cold Worked 84 % | 24 149 204 260 | 75 300 400 500 | 39 — — — | 24.5 — — — | 55 400 — — — | 34.8 ^(a) — — — | 50 000 43 000 17 200 7 700 | 11.0 — — — |
| Rod ⁽⁶⁾ 19 mm diam. 0.75 in. diam. | Hot Worked | Room 65 121 177 232 288 343 426 538 620 704 | Room 150 250 350 450 550 650 800 1 000 1 150 1 300 | 22.5 21.5 19 18 16 14.5 12.5 9 6 3.5 4.5 3 | 14.5 13.5 12 11.5 10 9 8 6 3.5 3 2 | 32 350 30 500 27 200 25 600 22 850 20 300 17 750 13 100 8 250 6 350 4 440 | — — — — — — — — — — — | — — — — — — — — — — — | 60.0 58.5 61.5 65.0 68.5 59.5 56.0 59.3 74.3 48.8 54.5 |
| Rod ⁽²⁾ 19 mm diam. 0.75 in. diam. | Cold Worked 21 % | Room 260 288 315 343 371 399 426 | Room 500 550 600 650 700 750 800 | 34 26.5 26 24.5 18.5 12.5 11.5 11 | 21.5 17 16.5 15.5 12 8 7 6.5 | 48 100 37 700 37 200 35 200 26 600 17 700 16 100 15 300 | — — — — — — — — | — — — — — — — — | 17 14 14 14 25 41 39 36 |

(a) This value was originally reported in psi; in this table it is given in kg/mm² to 3 significant figures.

N.B.: — Values obtained using Cu-ETP (electrolytic 'tough-pitch' copper) test specimens; it is assumed that Cu-FRTP exhibits the same short-time tensile properties at elevated temperatures.

— Original values are printed in **bold type**; other values are converted.

— Further data can be obtained from the following paper:

■ Crowe, C.H. Properties of Some Copper Alloys at Elevated Temperatures. A.S.T.M. Bull. No. 250 (1960), December, pp. 30-31.

— The 0.1 % proof stress values are not available.

5.3.2 Creep Properties

| Form | Temper | Testing Temperature | | Stress | | | Duration 1 000 h | Total Extension % (a) | Intercept % | Min. Creep Rate in % per 1 000 h | | |
|--|--------------------------------------|---------------------|------|--------------------|---------------------|--------|---------------------|-----------------------------|----------------|--|----------|-------|
| | | °C | °F | kg/mm ² | ton/in ² | psi | | | | | | |
| Strip (7) 2.54 mm 0.1 in. | Annealed (grain size 0.030 mm) | 130 | 266 | 5.5 | 3.5 | 8 000 | 2.50 | 2.6 | 2.0 | 0.15 | | |
| | | | | 9.5 | 6 | 14 000 | 2.60 | 10.0 | 7.6 | 1.2 | | |
| | 14 | | | 8.5 | 20 000 | 0.17 | 29.8 (b) | — | 39 | | | |
| | Cold Worked 10 % | 175 | 347 | 5.5 | 3.5 | 8 000 | 2.00 | 3.3 | 2.3 | 0.65 | | |
| | | | | 9.5 | 6 | 14 000 | 0.35 | 15 (b) | 8.0 | 6.3 | | |
| | 130 | | | 266 | 5.5 | 3.5 | 8 000 | 8.25 | 0.20 | 0.15 | 0.01 | |
| | Cold Worked 25 % | 175 | 347 | 9.5 | 6 | 14 000 | 8.60 | 0.67 | 0.26 | 0.042 | | |
| | | | | 14 | 8.5 | 20 000 | 1.750 | 2.4 (b) | 0.32 | 0.45 | | |
| | 130 | | | 266 | 5.5 | 3.5 | 8 000 | 6.85 | 1.14 | 0.135 | 0.088 | |
| | Cold Worked 50 % | 175 | 347 | 9.5 | 6 | 14 000 | 1.10 | 2.0 (b) | 0.22 | 0.66 | | |
| | | | | 14 | 8.5 | 20 000 | 4.030 | 11 (b) | 0.24 | 0.17 | | |
| | 130 | | | 266 | 5.5 | 3.5 | 8 000 | 7.20 | 0.235 | 0.125 | 0.01 | |
| Rod (2) 3.2 mm diam. 0.125 in. diam. | Annealed (grain size 0.025 mm) | 149 | 300 | 1.5 | 1 | 2 050 | 6.40 | 0.088 | 0.048 | 0.003 2 | | |
| | | | | 2 | 1.5 | 3 000 | 6.50 | 0.257 | 0.133 | 0.013 | | |
| | | | | 4 | 2.5 | 6 000 | 6.50 | 1.875 | 1.120 | 0.057 5 | | |
| | | | | 5.5 | 3.5 | 8 100 | 6.50 | 3.475 | 1.795 | 0.088 | | |
| | | 204 | 400 | 1 | 0.7 | 1 550 | 6.00 | 0.168 | 0.067 | 0.014 | | |
| | | | | 1.5 | 1 | 2 050 | 6.50 | 0.359 | 0.168 | 0.026 | | |
| | | | | 2 | 1.5 | 3 050 | 6.00 | 1.050 | 0.510 | 0.083 | | |
| | | | | 2.5 | 2 | 4 000 | 6.50 | 2.042 | 1.232 | 0.11 | | |
| | | | | 4 | 2.5 | 6 100 | 6.00 | 2.485 | 0.668 | 0.204 | | |
| | | 260 | 500 | 5 | 3 | 7 050 | 4.50 | 3.900 | 2.750 | 0.267 | | |
| | | | | 0.3 | 0.2 | 360 | 6.00 | 0.084 | 0.016 | 0.011 | | |
| | | | | 0.5 | 0.3 | 600 | 6.00 | 0.195 | 0.010 | 0.030 | | |
| 0.7 | 0.5 | | | 1 050 | 6.50 | 0.640 | 0.113 | 0.079 5 | | | | |
| Cold Worked 84 % | 149 | 300 | 1.5 | 0.9 | 2 000 | 6.50 | 2.877 | 0.869 | 0.306 | | | |
| | | | 5 | 3 | 7 550 | 6.40 | 0.118 | 0.041 | 0.004 9 | | | |
| 7 | | | 4.5 | 10 000 | 6.50 | 0.167 | 0.042 | 0.010 | | | | |
| 10 | | | 6.5 | 14 650 | 6.40 | 0.540 | — 0.170 | 0.097 (c) | | | | |
| 14 | | | 9 | 20 000 | 6.50 | 2.330 | — 3.00 | 0.80 (c) | | | | |
| 204 | 400 | 17.5 | 11 | 25 200 | 1.78 | 2.565 | — 4.98 | 4.14 (c) | | | | |
| | | 0.7 | 0.5 | 1 050 | 6.50 | 0.064 | 0.045 | 0.001 1 | | | | |
| | | 1.5 | 1 | 2 100 | 6.00 | 0.203 | 0.112 | 0.011 5 | | | | |
| | | 2.5 | 2 | 4 050 | 6.50 | 1.080 | 0.409 | 0.097 | | | | |
| Square Wire (8) 6.5 mm 0.257 in. | Annealed | 121 | 250 | 17.5 | 11 | 25 000 | 1.44 | 1.75 (d) | — | — (e) | | |
| | | | | 10 % | 121 | 250 | 17.5 | 11 | 25 000 | 2.20 | 1.85 (d) | — (e) |
| | | | | 37.1 % | 121 | 250 | 17.5 | 11 | 25 000 | 4.80 | 0.40 (d) | 0.056 |
| Cold Worked 84.4 % | 121 | 250 | 17.5 | 11 | 25 000 | 1.18 | 1.75 (d) | — | — (f) | | | |
| | | | 17.5 | 11 | 25 000 | 1.18 | 1.75 (d) | — | — (f) | | | |

(a) Total extension = Initial extension + Total creep = Initial extension + Intercept + (Minimum creep rate × Duration).

(b) Rupture test. - (c) Accelerating creep rate from third stage of creep. - (d) Total creep does not include the initial elastic elongation. - (e) Decreasing creep rate. - (f) Accelerating creep rate.

N.B.: — Values obtained using Cu-ETP (electrolytic 'tough-pitch' copper) test specimens; it is assumed that Cu-FRTP exhibits the same creep properties at elevated temperatures.

— Original values are printed in **bold type**; other values are calculated.

— Further data can be obtained from reference (2) and (7) in the bibliography on page 10.

5.4 FATIGUE PROPERTIES

5.4.1 Fatigue Strength at Room Temperature

| Form | Temper | Number of Cycles x 10 ⁶ | Metric Units kg/mm ² | | English Units ton/in ² | | American Units psi | |
|---|--------------------------------------|------------------------------------|------------------------------------|------------------|--------------------------------------|------------------|-----------------------|------------------|
| | | | Tensile Strength | Fatigue Strength | Tensile Strength | Fatigue Strength | Tensile Strength | Fatigue Strength |
| Strip ⁽⁹⁾ 0.5 mm 0.02 in. | Annealed | 100 | 22 | 7.5 (a) | 14 | 5 (a) | 31 400 | 11 000 (a) |
| | Cold Worked 20 % 60 % | 100 | 31 | 9 (a) | 20 | 6 (a) | 44 400 | 13 000 (a) |
| | | 100 | 37 | 10 (a) | 23.5 | 6.5 (a) | 52 600 | 14 000 (a) |
| Strip ⁽¹⁰⁾ 0.8 mm 0.032 in. | Cold Worked 21 % 37 % 60 % | 100 | 29 | 8.5 (a) | 18.5 | 5.5 (a) | 41 000 | 12 000 (a) |
| | | 100 | 34.5 | 9 (a) | 22 | 6 (a) | 49 300 | 13 000 (a) |
| | | 100 | 40.5 | 7.5 (a) | 25.5 | 5 (a) | 57 700 | 11 000 (a) |
| Flat Products ⁽¹¹⁾ 1 mm 0.04 in. | Annealed (grain size 0.025 mm) | 100 | 24 | 7.5 (a) | 15 | 5 (a) | 34 000 | 11 000 (a) |
| | Cold Worked 21 % 37 % 60 % | 100 | 29.5 | 9 (a) | 18.5 | 6 (a) | 42 000 | 13 000 (a) |
| | | 100 | 35 | 9 (a) | 22.5 | 6 (a) | 50 000 | 13 000 (a) |
| | | 100 | 38.5 | 10 (a) | 24.5 | 6.5 (a) | 55 000 | 14 000 (a) |
| Rod ⁽¹²⁾ 7.6 mm diam. 0.3 in. diam. | Annealed (grain size 0.040 mm) | 300 | 22 | 6.5 (b) | 14 | 4 (b) | 31 100 | 9 000 (b) |
| | Cold Worked 36 % | 300 | 34.5 | 12 (b) | 22 | 7.5 (b) | 48 800 | 17 000 (b) |
| Rod ⁽¹³⁾ 16 mm diam. 0.625 in. diam. | Cold Worked 30 % | 100 | 31 | 11.5 (b) | 19.5 | 7.5 (b) | 44 000 | 16 500 (b) |
| Rod ⁽¹¹⁾ 25.4 mm diam. 1 in. diam. | Cold Worked 35 % | 300 | 33.5 | 12 (b) | 21.5 | 7.5 (b) | 48 000 | 17 000 (b) |
| Wire ⁽¹⁴⁾ 2 mm diam. 0.08 in. diam. | Cold Worked 37 % | 100 | 36 - 41 | 11 (a) | 22.5 - 26 | 7 (a) | 51 000 - 58 000 | 15 500 (a) |

(a) Reversed-bending test - (b) Rotating-beam test.

N.B.: — Values obtained using Cu-ETP (electrolytic 'tough-pitch' copper) test specimens; it is assumed that Cu-FRTP exhibits the same fatigue properties at room temperature.

— Original values are printed in **bold type**; other values are converted.

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